IOT based Potholes and Drainages Detection System

1st Divyani Dongre DepartmentofIT JDCollegeofEngg.&Mgmt.,Nagpur, DBATU, Indiadivyanidongre@gmail.com

> 4th Monali Sonekar DepartmentofIT JD College of Engg. & Mgmt., Nagpur, DBATU, Indiamonali.sonekar@gmail.co m

2nd Rani Jangam DepartmentofIT JDCollegeofEngg.&Mgmt., Nagpur, DBATU, Indiaranikjangam1999@gmail.com

5thRimaKumbhalkar DepartmentofIT JDCollegeofEngg.& Mgmt., Nagpur, DBATU,India rimakumbhalkar4351@gmail.com 3rdAlishaGosavi Departmentof IT JDCollegeofEngg.&Mgmt.,Nagpur, DBATU, Indiaalishagosavi07@gmail.com

6thProf.AshishP.NanotkarDepar tmentofIT JDCollegeofEngg.&Mgmt., Nagpur, DBATU, Indiaashishnanotkar@gmail.com

Abstract—Accidents owing to potholes has become an alarming problem in today's life. The first step to solve this problem requires, designing a device embedded on the vehicle which can continuously scan the road surface for identifying potholes, alerting the driver in time and enable the driver to avoid the pothole. The importance of the road infrastructure for the society could be compared with importance of blood vessels for humans. The major problems in developing countriesarethe maintenance of roads. To ensure road surface quality it should be monitored continuously and repaired as necessary. The optimal distribution of resources for road repairs is possible providing the availability of comprehensive and objective real time data about the state of the roads. The data in the system can be made available to the general public as well as municipalities and road maintenance agencies. Awareness of the location of potholes will help drivers to avoid those roads and being more careful while driving on the same roads. The paper is describing a custom map system for road irregularity detection using Android based smartphones. Identificationofpavement distresssuchaspotholesandopendrainagesnot only avoidaccidentsorvehicledamages, but helpsdriversto alsohelpsauthoritiestomaintainroads.

Keywords—Potholes, Pavement, humps, Smart-Phones

I.INTRODUCTION

Number of vehicle on the roads has increased enormously in the last decade. India being a developing country, construction and development of infrastructure is still in progress. This ever growing number of vehicles combined with the lack of infrastructure makes the road difficult to drive upon eventually leading to accidents. This paper proposes a pothole detection system which aims at prior warning to the drivers about the uneven roads and potholes on the way. Roads are most significant apart of the

Country. Good road plays important role in transportation sector like transporting, traveling, import, export, etc. It has effect on the standard of driving and transportation that increase the event level of entire country. In priority of roads maybe a huge draw-back for the vehicle still as drivers. The economy can depend upon transportation; however, the most of the roads in India are slim and cram-full with poor surface quality. Road maintenance are not satisfactory. The traffic conditions in developing countries are more complicated due to varied road conditions, a heterogeneous mixture of vehicles and chaotic traffic. To avoid road accidents it'll necessary that to enhance road quality however as per the norms of government in India. Roads in India unremarkably have speed-breakers in order that the vehicle's speed will be controlled to avoid accidents, owing to our system we tend to also have in definable potholes that created like as hot once of completion of the road. It's a significant reason for traumatic accidents and loss of human lives. Consequently, road evacuation and chuckhole navigation system important solutions are to improveaccidents and shield vehicles from injury due to bad roads.

In the perspective of "Internet of things", numerous devices and objects will be connected to the Internet. Each individually provides data, information, or even services. The devices providing things can be personal objects we carry around such as smart phones, tablets, and digital cameras. Our daily environment, home, vehicle, or office connected through a gateway device can also provide "things". The Internet of Things can be viewed as a gigantic network consisting of sub networks of devices and computers connected through a series of intermediate technologies.

This paper discusses previous chuckhole detectionstrategies that are developed and proposes a cheap answer to spot the potholes and humps on roads and supply timely alerts to drivers. Machine learning is employed to seek out the shortest path among all the ways that goes to your destination. During which the map can find the potholes and open drainages in our path. The database MySQL is employed for information. An automaton application is employed to alert drivers in order. that preventive measuresbe taken to evade accidents. Alerts are given in theforms of messages with an audio beep.

Journal of University of Shanghai for Science and Technology

II.LITERATURESURVEY

R.Fan,UOzgunalp,BHosking,MLiu,proposedthe conceptinthispaperlikepresentarobustpothole detection algorithm that is both accurate and computationally efficient.Adensedisparitymapis first transformed to better distinguish between damagedand undamaged roadareas.Toachieve greaterdisparity transformation efficiency,golden

sectionsearchanddynamicprogrammingareutilized toestimatethetransformationparameters.

RajeshwarMadli,Santosh Hebbar,Praveenraj Patar,G.V.Prasadaretheauthorthatstated a stereovisionbasedpotholedetectionsystem is proposed. Stereovisioncanprovideinformationonthesizeof thepothole,withouttheneed for using highcost specialized laserscanners.A disparitycalculation of algorithm,whichisusedformapp generationwhich results in detection ofpotholes from the fitted quadraticroad surface. The systemproducesthesize,

volumeandpositionofthepotholeswhichallowsthepotholerepairtobeprioritizedaccordingtoitsseverity.

Byeoung-ho-Kang and Su-il-choiproposesthe concept to sensing potholes by using 3D laser method. It is a sensing method which uses light pulses to as certain the surface of earth. The drawback in this methodis, it is highly affected by heavy rain, fog, etc. Also does not work we lathered reflections. The operating cost is high. It requires high end hardware is required. The 3d laser checking is one of the outstandingly flexible and productive advances for precisely catching extensive arrangements of 3D facilitates.

This method uses laser pulses to detect theIrregularities inbroadsurfaces

ArtiesMendes, Grits Strazdins,Leo Selavo proposestheconceptofRealTimePotholeDetection using Android Smart-phones with Accelerometers. Thispaperisdescribingamobilesensingsystem for roadirregularity detectionusingAndroidOSbased smart phones.Selecteddataprocessingalgorithms arediscussedandtheirevaluationpresentedwithtrue positiverateashighas90% usingrealworld data. The optimalparametersforthealgorithmsaredetermined.

KanaAzhary,FeerdMurtaza,MuhammadHerboon Mohammed andHafedAdmanHabitstate Dan approachoffindingandlocalizingthepotholesbased oncomputervisioninas halt pavement images. Histogramsfromtheinputimagesareclassifiedusing naïve bayed classifierusingnormalizedgraphcut segmentationscheme.Thisexperimentationshowed 67% accuracyonlocalizingthepotholesfromthe potholeimages.

III.METHODOLOGY

In this methodology, we actualize potholes identification system is a system that goes for notice to the driver about the uneven roads and potholes in its way. We consider the diverse manners by which objective of the framework can be accomplished. We legitimize the techniques that picked in these undertakings and afterward we give insights concerning the working of the diverse sub.

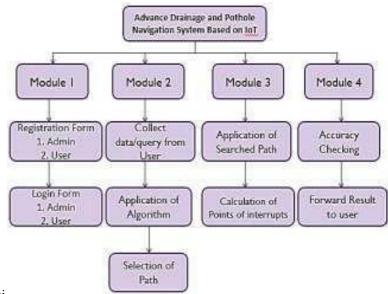


Fig. 1.Architecture

The architecture of the proposed system is shown in figure.Itconsistsof4parts;registrationandloginmodule, custommapmodule, weatherAPImoduleand themobileapplicationmodule.Custommapmoduleis used to gatherinformation aboutpotholes and drainageandthegeographicallocationsandthis informationissenttotheuser.WeatherAPImodule detectsweatherinformationfromtheparticulararea. All potholes and drainageandweatherAPIinformation processes and stores in the database. Mobile applicationmoduleuses informationstored Intheall themodulesserverdatabaseandprovidestimely alertstothedriverinmessagethrough.

A .Registration and login:-

We can start with first with registration and then login. So that the admin and user both of will register and login incustom map then admin and user will start the custom map.

B.CustomMap:-

Thismoduleconsistsofthreecomponents, firstlyin custommapwewillcollectthequeryordatafromusermeanswhere toprobleminusertofindthepotholes anddrainagesowewillsolvetheproblem.Custom mapswithcustom markers, lines, colors, polygons, andimagesCustom mapswithcustommarkers, lines, colors, polygons, and images are used. It gives the ability to create and share their own custom maps and use properties like zoom, pinch, rotate, etc. To explore, it can highlight your stored locations with custom colors and elements.

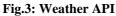


Fig.2: Custom Map

C.WeatherAPI:-

InweatherAPIModulewewill detect the weather inparticular area firstly search the root and then we will detect the weather. Calculate the interrupt points during this weather detecting time. The Yahoo Weather API allows developerstointegrate current weather information for any location into third-party applications. Available information includes the next5-days forecast, wind, atmospheric conditions, precipitation, sunset time, astronomy conditions, and many.





D.SupportVectorMachine:-

SupportVectorMachine(SVM)algorithmwecan usetofindthepotholesanddrainageandrandom forest algorithm is use to backup plan. Third componentwewillsetdestinationandthenwecan selectthepath. SVM isausedforsupervised, inmachine learning,SVMaresupervisedlearningmodels withassociatedlearningalgorithmsthatanalyzedata usedforclassificationandregressionanalysis.

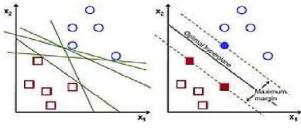


Fig.4: SVM Supervision

E. Mobile Application Module:-

We will make mobile application module. In this application all modules information stores and process in database. This module can check the accuracy like all module are working or not. The all type of problems we can check and solve these problem and then finally we will give the result and android app to used to the user.

F.Android Application:-

Anandroid app is to be developed for this software application. That runs on the android plone. Also try to develop an app for a other OS. Smartphone or tablets PC are required for it to get an easy acsess.

IV.ALGORITHMS

The following are the efficient algorithm for pothole detection Navigation System Based on IoT.

A. Custom Map Algorithm:-

Step1:Start

Step2:Declare the path.

Step3:Fetch the Path By using SQL

Step4:If user Select path

If short distance>long distance

Display a short way.

Else

Return step2.

Else

If long distance > Low traffic

Display long way.

Else

Returnstep2.

B. SVM Algorithm:-

Step1:Start

Step2:Declareways.

Step3:Showthe drainage andbyusingSVMAlgorithm.

Step4:Displaythewarningalertmessagev inbyusing JavaScript.

Step5: ShowCustomMaps. Step6:Stop.

V.AWARENESS

Toincreaseknowledgeandawarenessamongall vehiclesdrivertoavoidthevarioustypesofroad accident.Inanighttime,wecan'tseethepotholesand drainagesonroad,causeoflightproblem.Alsoin daytime,sometimeswecan'tseethepotholesand drainagebecauseofspeedyvehicles.Toavoidthis problem,wedevelopthisapp.Byusingcustom map,wecanidentifyallthedriversandwecanminimize thenumberofaccidentinall over theIndiaaswell as inworld.

Asperancientrecordoftheroadaccidentinveryfew yearsago,mostoftheroadaccidentreasonsaredue tothepotholes,drainageandtheveryfastspeed vehicles.Especially inIndia,everydaymostofthe accidentintwentytothirty-fiveagegrouppeople.So wemakethecustommaptodetectthepotholesand drainageanditsendsthemessagetodriverandalert thedriverthroughthebeep,sothathecanseetheahead forthepotholesordrainage.

VI.FLOWCHART

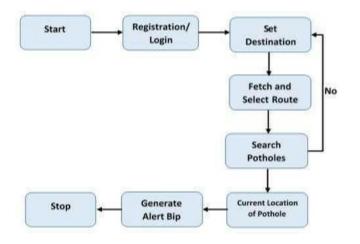


Fig.5: Flow chart of proposed system

VII. LIMITATIONS

- 1. It is easy to detect pothole and drainages on road.
- 2. Easy to find out current road information.
- 3. In form about traffic and accidentsbyusing navigationsystem.
- 4. Itisveryhelpfultorespectedcompanybelike NHAI(NationalHighwayAuthorityofIndia)for re-planningrelatedtoanyengineeringworkof road.

VIII.ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Todevelopa"AdvancedDrainage andPotholes NavigationSystem by usingIot"Thissystem using quick response to userand quicklynotificationtouser fromcustom map.Detectthepotholesanddecreasesthe accident.

IX.CONCLUSION

Themodelproposedinthispaper, servestwo important purposes; automatic detection of potholes and bumps and alerting vehicle drivers to evade potential accidents. The proposed approachis an economic solution for detection of dread ful potholes and uneven bumps, as it uses low cost ultrason ic sensors. Themobile appused in this system is an added advantage as it provides timely alerts about potholes and bumps. The solution also works in rainy season when potholes are filled with muddy water as a lerts are generated using the information stored in the database. We feel that the solution provided in this paper can save many lives and aling patients who suffer from tragic accidents.

References

[1]

RFan,UOzgunalp,BHosking,MLiu,Potholedetection basedondisparitytransformationandroadsurface modeling, 2019, IEEE Transaction on Image Processing.

[2] RajeshwariMadli,SantoshHebbar,PraveenrajPar, G.V.Prasad,"AutomaticDetectionandNotification ofPotholes and Bumps on Roads to Aid Drivers" ,IEEESensors Journal, 2015.

[3] Shubham Ingole, Pragati Alone, Krushna Kapase, Manjushri Mahajan, Pothole Detection System for Monitoring Road Using IoT, 2018, IJAERD.

[4] A Fox, BVKV Kumar, J Chen, Multi-lane pothole detection from crowd sourced under sampled vehicle sensor data, 2017, IEEE Transaction.

[5] S.Gnanapriya, V.B.Padmashree,V.Bagyalakshmiand G.A.Pravalikha, IoT BasedPothole Detection And Notification System, 2017,IDOS

[6] Rajeshwari Madli, Santosh Hebbar, Praveenraj Patar, and Varaprasad Gola, Automatic Detection and Notification of Potholes and Humps on Roads to Aid Drivers, 2015, IEEE Explore.

[7] A.V.Aho, J.E.Hopcroft and J.D.Ulman, The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms (Addison-Wesley, Reading, Mass).

[8] M.S.Bazaraa and R.W.Langley, Adual shortest path algorithm, SIAM J.Appl. Math. 26,3,496.

[9] R.Belman, On a routing problem, Quart. Appl.Math. 16(1958)88.

[10] G.B.Dantzig, All shortestroutesinagraph, Theoryof Graphs, int.Symp., Rome1966(Dunod, Paris) pp.91-92.

[11] E.V.DenardoandB.L.Fox,Shortest – routemethods.I:Reaching,pruning,andbuckets,Oper.Res.27,1, 161.